



ROSATE[®] 360 TF

HERBICIDE

GROUP

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HERBICIDE

A foliar-applied, translocated herbicide containing **360 g/l glyphosate** (30.9 % w/w) as a soluble concentrate for the control of annual and perennial weeds in a range of agricultural, horticultural, forestry, industrial and amenity situations.

SAFETY INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Keep out of reach of children.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for triple rinsed empty, clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.



PCN No. 06073

BR-RE-ROSATE 360TF_LBL_01-03-24

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator Protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment: WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) AND SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling the concentrate and when handling contaminated surfaces.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND RUBBER BOOTS when using hand-held sprayers.

WASH CONCENTRATE from skin or eyes immediately.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating, drinking or smoking and after work.

Environmental Protection

KEEP LIVESTOCK OUT OF TREATED AREAS.

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

Storage and Disposal

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDING STUFFS.

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose safely.

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER FOR ANY PURPOSE.

Approval Holder and Marketing Company

Albaugh TKI d.o.o., Grajski trg 21, 2327 Rače, Slovenia
Tel: +386 2 60 90 211, www.albaugh.eu

Emergency Information:

CARECHEM: +44 1235 239 670 (24 hour)

Technical Enquiries: 1800 901 562

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is authorised as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Rosate 360 TF is a non-selective, foliar herbicide that controls annual and perennial grasses and most broad-leaved weeds when used as directed. It is translocated from treated vegetative growth to underground roots, rhizomes or stolons. Leaf symptoms, being a reddening then yellowing of the foliage, are first seen on grass weeds but take longer to appear on broad-leaved weeds.

It is particularly important that the weeds have sufficient leaf growth and are actively growing when treated.

Annual weeds should be actively growing with grasses having at least 5 cm (2") of leaf and broad-leaved weeds at least two expanded true leaves when sprayed.

Perennial grass weeds must have produced fresh leaves, which are green and vigorous. Common couch or scutch is most susceptible to Rosate 360 TF when it is tillering and when new rhizomes have begun to grow. This is usually when the plants have about 5 - 6 leaves, each with approximately 12-15 cm (5-6") of new growth.

The majority of perennial broad-leaved weeds are most susceptible if treated when they are actively growing and are at or near flowering stage.

Couch or scutch grasses and other grass and broad-leaved weeds are less susceptible to Rosate 360 TF when growth is restricted by drought, waterlogging, frost, very high temperatures or natural dieback. Efficacy will be reduced if such conditions occur at or immediately after spraying.

Occasionally a slight check to crop growth may occur, particularly after direct drilling when crop seeds germinate amongst a mass of decaying foliage, stolons, rhizomes or roots. Thorough cultivations are necessary to disperse or bury decaying organic matter. Consolidate loose soils and ensure crops are adequately fertilised and appropriate measures are taken to prevent insect and fungal damage to the following crop, especially where following grassland.

Do not apply lime, fertiliser, farmyard manure, pesticides or similar materials within 7 days of Rosate 360 TF.

Note: Rosate 360 TF does not give acceptable control of horsetail (*Equisetum arvense*).

WEATHER CONDITIONS

A period of at least 6 hours and preferably 24 hours free of rain must follow spraying. Do not spray onto weeds suffering from drought stress as reduced control may occur. Do not spray in windy conditions as drift onto other crops or vegetation can cause severe injury or destruction. Do not spray during frosty weather that prevents active growth and can induce weed senescence.

RECOMMENDATION TABLES

POST-PLANTING AND PRE-CROP EMERGENCE - ANNUAL WEEDS/VOLUNTEERS		
Weeds Controlled: Annual grasses and broad-leaved weeds Volunteer cereals		
DO NOT ALLOW SPRAY TO CONTACT THE LEAVES OF ANY CROP. CAUTION: Ensure that spraying precedes ANY crop emergence.		
Crop	Time and Method	Dose Rate
Drilled crops of: Barley, durum wheat, oats and wheat.	Spray after drilling but not later than 72 hours before crop emergence.	1.33 l/ha Apply in 80 - 250 l/ha water.
Drilled crops of: Bulb onion, combining pea, field bean, leek, linseed, mustard, oilseed rape, sugar beet, swede, turnip and vining pea.	Spray up to 48 hours after drilling.	
Note: Seed must be drilled and drills firmly closed with a minimum 15 mm (½") of settled soil above the seed. Annual weeds must be small when treated following direct drilling.		

WEED CONTROL IN STANDING CEREAL CROPS (PRE-HARVEST)

Weeds Controlled:	Black bent (<i>Agrostis gigantea</i>), Couch/scutch grass (<i>Elymus repens</i>), Creeping bent (<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>), Onion couch (<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> var. <i>bulbosum</i>) in winter barley only - see note, Perennial broad-leaved weeds.
Crops:	Winter and spring wheat including durum wheat, and winter and spring oats destined for milling or feed. Barley destined for malting or feed.

DO NOT TREAT CROPS INTENDED FOR SEED. DO NOT TREAT UNDERSOWN CROPS.
Consult purchasers of crops grown on contract and prospective purchasers of malting grade barley before treatment.

Time	Method	Dose Rate
Spray when the crop is above BBCH 87 and the grain/seed moisture content is less than 30%. Target weeds must be green, actively growing and accessible to the spray.	Spray the crop and weeds overall. Use high clearance tractors with narrow wheels and crop dividers. Adjust boom height to maximise spray retention on the target weeds. After spraying: Wait at least 7 days before harvesting. Treated straw must be chopped and incorporated or removed, after which normal cultivations may be resumed. Treated straw must be used for feed and litter, but must not be used for horticultural purposes.	Annual weeds and grass or low couch/scutch grass infestations up to 25 shoots/m²: 2 l/ha Apply in 80-150 l/ha water for this dose rate Low-medium couch/scutch-grass infestations, up to 75 shoots/m²: 3 l/ha Medium-high couch/scutch-grass infestations, over to 75 shoots/m²: 4 l/ha Perennial broad-leaved weeds; other perennial grasses: 4 l/ha Apply in 150 - 250 l/ha water.

Note: To gain successful control of onion couch with Rosate 360 TF, the weed must be treated BEFORE the bulbous bases have matured. Application when the bulbous bases have matured will not prevent regeneration of the weed. Early ripening winter barley is the only crop likely to present an opportunity for pre-harvest control of onion couch.

WEED CONTROL IN STANDING OILSEED RAPE AND LINSEED (PRE-HARVEST)

Weeds Controlled:	Black bent (<i>Agrostis gigantea</i>), Couch/scutch grass (<i>Elymus repens</i>), Creeping bent (<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>), Perennial broad-leaved weeds.
Crops:	Oilseed rape, winter or spring. Linseed, winter or spring.

DO NOT TREAT CROPS INTENDED FOR SEED.
This treatment is suitable only for uniform, evenly maturing crops proceeding to harvest in prime condition.

Time	Method	Dose Rate
Spray 2-3 weeks before harvest when the natural ripening of the seed is progressing (above BBCH 87) and the grain/seed moisture content is less than 30%. Target weeds must be green, actively growing and accessible to the spray.	Spray the crop and weeds overall. Minimise crop damage by use of high clearance tractors with narrow wheels and crop dividers. After spraying: Direct combine harvest the crop when fit. Treated straw must be chopped and incorporated or removed, after which normal cultivations may be resumed.	Low-medium couch/scutch-grass infestations, up to 75 shoots/m²: 3 l/ha Medium-high couch/scutch-grass infestations, over 75 shoots/m²: 4 l/ha Perennial broad-leaved weeds; other perennial grasses: 4 l/ha Apply in 200 - 250 l/ha water.

WEED CONTROL IN PEAS (PRE-HARVEST)

Weeds Controlled: Black bent (*Agrostis gigantea*), Couch/scutch grass (*Elymus repens*), Creeping bent (*Agrostis stolonifera*), Perennial broad-leaved weeds.

Crops: Peas, winter or spring, to be harvested dry (combining).

DO NOT TREAT CROPS INTENDED FOR SEED.
This treatment is intended for weed control and not for crop desiccation.

Time	Method	Dose Rate
<p>Spray when the natural ripening of the seed is progressing (above BBCH 87) and the grain/seed moisture content is less than 30%.</p> <p>Target weeds must be green, actively growing and accessible to the spray.</p>	<p>Spray the crop and weeds overall. Minimise crop damage by use of high clearance tractors with narrow wheels and crop dividers.</p> <p>After spraying: Wait at least 7 days before harvesting. Direct combine harvest the crop when fit. Treated straw must be chopped and incorporated or removed, after which normal cultivations may be resumed.</p>	<p>Low-medium couch/scutch grass infestations up to 75 shoots/m²: 3 l/ha Medium-high couch/scutch grass infestations over 75 shoots/m²: 4 l/ha</p> <p>Apply in 200 - 250 l/ha water.</p>

STUBBLES / GROUND PREPARATION AND PRE SOWING - ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL WEEDS, VOLUNTEERS

Weeds Controlled: Annual grasses and broad-leaved weeds, Volunteer cereals and potatoes (autumn only), Black bent (*Agrostis gigantea*), Couch/scutch grass (*Elymus repens*), Creeping bent (*Agrostis stolonifera*).

Crops: Any crop to follow application on stubble or prior sowing (including destruction of cover crops).

Time	Method	Dose Rate
<p>Autumn/winter applications: Spray when perennial weeds are actively growing, especially after mid-October. Couch/scutch grass should have at least 6 new leaves approx. 12cm long.</p>	<p>After harvest:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not cultivate. • Remove straw. • Allow weeds to regrow. • Spray during mild conditions. • Allow volunteer potatoes to make ample top growth and spray well before onset of frost or natural senescence. <p>After spraying: If before mid-November, wait at least 5 days before cultivating. If after mid-November, wait for perennial grass leaves to turn red/yellow before cultivating.</p>	<p>Annual weeds and grasses or low couch/scutch grass infestations up to 25 shoots/m²: 2 l/ha</p> <p>Apply in 80 - 150 l/ha water for this dose rate</p> <p>Note: the effect of 2 litres product/ha rate as the long-term control of couch/scutch grass is not known.</p> <p>Low-medium couch/scutch-grass infestations, up to 75 shoots/m²: 3 l/ha Medium-high couch/scutch-grass infestations, over 75 shoots/m² and volunteer potatoes: 4 l/ha</p> <p>Apply in 150 - 250 l/ha water.</p>
<p>Spring applications: Spray when weeds are actively growing as for autumn applications. Roots chopped by cultivations must show new leaf growth to be killed.</p>	<p>After harvest:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cultivate as required. • Leave for regrowth to appear - allow a min. 21 days weed growth before spraying. <p>After spraying: Wait at least 5 days before cultivating. Re-treatment may be necessary pre-harvest or in autumn as emergence in spring may be incomplete.</p>	

GREEN COVER ON LAND NOT BEING USED FOR CROP PRODUCTION (SET-ASIDE)

Weeds controlled: Annual grasses and broad-leaved weeds, Black bent (*Agrostis gigantea*), Couch/scutch grass (*Elymus repens*), Creeping bent (*Agrostis stolonifera*), Broadleaf dock (*Rumex obtusifolius*), Common nettle (*Urtica dioica*).

Crops: Any crop to follow application.

Users must ensure themselves compliant with the management rules of any grant-aided scheme before use; the guidance given in the following may be changed in future years.

Time	Method	Dose Rate
Spray whilst the green cover is actively growing at any time consistent with the prevailing weather conditions and within the management rules of any grant aided scheme. Deep-rooted perennial broad-leaved weeds are best controlled when well grown and are at or near flowering.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not cut or cultivate prior to applying this product in this situation. Spray before weeds set seed. After spraying do not cut, cultivate or prepare land for the next crop until permitted to do so by the management rules; in any event do not cut or cultivate for 1 day (after 1.5 l/ha) or 5 days (after 3-4 l/ha) after application. 	<p>Annual weeds and grasses: 1.5 l/ha Apply in 80-150 l/ha water for this dose rate</p> <p>Dense and/or well-established green cover: 3 l/ha</p> <p>Perennial grasses and broad-leaved weeds: 4 l/ha Apply in 150-250 l/ha water.</p>

GRASSLAND DESTRUCTION

Grasses/Weeds Killed: Annual and perennial grasses / broad-leaved weeds.

Crops: Any crop to follow application.

Time	Method	Dose Rate
<p>Spray when grasses and weeds are actively growing at the following times and growth stages:</p> <p>Annual grasses and annual broad-leaved weeds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spring, summer or autumn. Annual grasses have at least 10cm of green leaf. Annual broad-leaved weeds have at least 2 expanded true leaves. <p>Perennial grasses and perennial broad-leaved weeds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mid to late summer. Perennial grasses have at least 12cm of leaf or 5 fully expanded leaves. Perennial broad-leaved weeds have substantial leaf area or are near flowering. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lightly cut or graze and allow regrowth for about 4 weeks until the recommended growth stages are reached. Spray at the dose rate recommended for the weed or grass type. Wait at least 5 days, when the leaves become yellowed, before removing the growth for conservation or by grazing as required, prior to cultivating or drilling. <p>Surface mats of old grassland must be thoroughly broken by cultivations before reseeding. Either defer seeding until the following spring to allow surface mats to decompose or apply 2.5 tonnes/ha (1 tonne/ac) of ground limestone to the surface mat not less than seven days after treatment followed by rotary cultivation to break the surface and incorporate the ground limestone into the soil. Seeding may be conducted as required thereafter provided that the seeds are in contact with mineral soil.</p>	<p>1-2 years old, only annual weeds and grasses: 3 l/ha</p> <p>2-4 years old, with perennial grasses: 4 l/ha</p> <p>Long leys e.g. 4-7 years old with perennial broad-leaved weeds: 4 l/ha</p> <p>Permanent grassland with ragwort or predominantly fine-leaved grasses: 4 l/ha</p> <p>Apply the recommended dose in 200-250 l/ha water.</p>

Note: Ragwort plants sprayed with this herbicide are more palatable and contain higher levels of toxins. Animals should be excluded from treated areas until any ragwort has completely recovered or died and there is no visible sign of the dead weed. Do not include treated ragwort in hay or silage crops.

TOP FRUIT ORCHARDS

Weeds Controlled: Most annual and perennial weeds.

Crop	Time and Method	Dose Rate
Established (minimum 2 years) trees of: Apple Pear Cherry Plum	Apply as a directed MEDIUM or COARSE spray. Spray after leaf fall in autumn or before green cluster stage of apple and pear or white bud stage of cherry and plum. Extreme care must be taken to avoid spraying or allowing drift to contact the trunk above 30cm (12") from the ground, or any branches. Spray must not contact any damaged bark.	5 l/ha Apply in 250 l/ha water.

ASPARAGUS

Weeds Controlled: Annual and perennial broad-leaved weeds and grasses.

Crop	Time and Method	Dose Rate
Asparagus	Spray whilst the crop is dormant before ALL new spear emergence. Spray must not contact the spears/foliage of the crop. At least 15 mm of firmly settled soil must be covering crowns and spears.	Annual weeds: 1.33 l/ha Perennial grasses: 4 l/ha Perennial broad-leaved weeds: 5 l/ha Apply in 80-250 l/ha water.

NON-CROPPED AREAS (HARD AND PERMEABLE SURFACES)

General use around the farm and on amenity and industrial areas

Weeds Controlled: Most annual and perennial weeds.

Area of use	Time and Method	Dose Rate
Around buildings. On industrial sites. Firebreaks. Pavements. Verges along public paths and roadways. Around traffic signs and advertising hoardings. Site preparation for landscaping projects; golf courses etc.	Apply at any time of the year when weeds are showing green leaf and are actively growing. Weeds germinating after application will not be controlled. Extreme care must be taken to avoid drift onto crops, lawns, amenity plants or any desirable species. DO NOT USE UNDER GLASS OR POLYTHENE. DO NOT SPRAY HEDGE BOTTOMS.	General Use: 4 l/ha Perennial broad-leaved weeds present: 5 l/ha <i>Hydraulic sprayers:</i> apply in 80 - 250 l/ha water <i>Knapsack sprayers:</i> apply in 100 - 250 l/ha water

Note: If poisonous weeds, such as ragwort, had been present before treatment, then grazing animals, such as horses, should be kept clear of treated areas until such time that poisonous weeds have been removed.

FORESTRY/WOODLANDS (PRE AND POST PLANTING)

Use	Dose Rate	Remarks
Before planting: Most broad-leaved and grass weeds. Moderate control of many young woody weeds.	4 l/ha Apply in 80 - 250 l/ha water	If the ground has been disturbed by forestry operations, allow the weeds to recover. Apply when weeds are showing green leaf and are actively growing. Wait at least 7 days before any cultivations or before planting trees.

FORESTRY/WOODLANDS (PRE AND POST PLANTING)

Use	Dose Rate	Remarks
After planting (as directed spray) in competitive forestry situations: for cleaning-up around trees; conifer release	Apply at the appropriate dose for the species to be treated as outlined below.	Apply by knapsack sprayer around fully guarded trees. It is ESSENTIAL to use a TREE GUARD for all applications made in the growing season.
Broad-leaved woody weeds: bracken, beech, brush, bramble, sycamore, oak, hazel, willow and ash.	3 l/ha in 250 l/ha water	Treat bracken after frond tips are unfurled but presenescence. Treat heather late-August to end-September. Treat all other woody weeds June to August before leaf senescence, but after new growth of crop has hardened.
Most annual and perennial grasses and broad-leaved weeds.	4 l/ha in 250 l/ha water	Important: The time of hardening of leader growth in any years varies with species, location and weather amongst other factors; hardening might occur from end-July up to October or even later.
Heather (on peat soils only)	4 l/ha in 250 l/ha water	Always direct the spray away from leaders to avoid damage to Lammas growth.

Note: for ease of identification of treated weeds, a suitable commercially available water-soluble dye may be added to the prepared solution at 1 millilitre dye per 10 litres of prepared spray solution.

MIXING

Tractor mounted and powered hydraulic sprayers

Pour the recommended quantity of Rosate 360 TF into the spray tank already half-filled with clean water and under agitation. Top up the spray tank with more clean water to the required level, whilst maintaining agitation. Spray out on the day of mixing.

Knapsack sprayers

Add the recommended quantity of Rosate 360 TF to the knapsack spray tank approximately one-third filled with clean water. Agitate thoroughly with a clean rod or by shaking after replacing the lid until thoroughly mixed. Top up the tank with more clean water to the required level and agitate thoroughly before use. Spray out on the day of mixing.

DO NOT MIX, APPLY OR STORE ROSATE 360 TF IN GALVANISED OR UNLINED MILD STEEL CONTAINERS OR TANKS. KEEP TANKS WELL VENTED AND CLEAR OF ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION.

KNAPSACK RATE RECKONER

MEDIUM VOLUME APPLICATION

Product recommendation (Litres of product in l/ha of water)	Amount of Rosate 360 TF per 10 litres to treat 400 m ²
2L in 250 L per hectare	80 ml
3L in 250L per hectare	120 ml
4L in 250L per hectare	160 ml
5L in 250L per hectare	200 ml

LOW VOLUME APPLICATION

Product recommendation (Litres of product in l/ha of water)	Amount of Rosate 360 TF per 10 litres to treat 1000 m ²
2L in 100 L per hectare	200 ml
3L in 100L per hectare	300 ml
4L in 100L per hectare	400 ml
5L in 100L per hectare	500 ml

APPLICATION & SPRAY QUALITY

Tractor mounted and powered hydraulic sprayers

Knapsack sprayers

Prepared spray solution should be applied as a MEDIUM or COURSE quality spray (BCPC definition) at nozzle pressures not exceeding 2.5 bar (35 psi).

Rosate 360 TF is a systemic weedkiller and is active at low doses.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. DO NOT SPRAY IN WINDY WEATHER OR NEAR TO DESIRABLE SPECIES OR AMENITY PLANTS.

SUITABLE NOZZLES FOR HYDRAULIC SPRAYERS		
Sprayer type	Low Volume Application	Medium Volume Application
Tractor mounted or drawn	Hardi 4110-14 or equivalent nozzles	Hardi 4110-20; 4110-30 Lumark 04-F110; 08-F110 Teejet 11004; 11008 or equivalent nozzles
Knapsack	Cooper Pegler VLV Orange VLV Blue	Hardi 4110-16 Lumark 03-F110 Polyjet green; blue; red

SOILS

Rosate 360 TF may be used to control weeds on all mineral or organic soils or surfaces, including ash and gravel. Only weeds showing green leaf at the time of application can be killed. There is no residual activity with Rosate 360 TF.

COMPATIBILITY

Do not tank mix Rosate 360 TF with adjuvants, pesticides or fertilisers except as advised by Albaugh TKI d.o.o. Contact Albaugh TKI d.o.o on 1800 901 562 for compatible products.

FUTURE PLANTING

Rosate 360 TF has no long-lasting herbicidal activity in soils after application. Agricultural and horticultural quality soils may be planted up with trees after not less than 7 days after application, unless directed otherwise. Other amenity plants may be planted after the treated vegetation has died back or after cultivation. Under normal weather conditions, cultivations may be conducted 7 days after treatment. Under poor growing conditions wait for the characteristic red/yellow leaf symptoms to appear before cultivating.

CARE OF EQUIPMENT

Wash equipment thoroughly after use with water and cleaning agent to remove traces of herbicide. Traces of herbicide left in the equipment may damage crops sprayed later.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY, SALE AND USE

Many factors can affect or influence the activity of this product, including, but not limited to: weather and soil conditions, crop variety, treatment timing, water volume, application rates, spraying techniques, crop rotation, regional factors, and the occurrence and development of weeds resistant to the active ingredient. Under certain circumstances, changes in activity or crop damage can occur. The manufacturer or supplier is unable to accept any liability in these circumstances. All goods supplied by us are of a high grade and we believe them to be suitable for the purpose for which we expressly supply them: but as we cannot exercise any control over their mixing, use or application which may affect the performance of the goods all conditions and warranties statutory or otherwise as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded and no responsibility will be accepted by us for any damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application or use. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff, our agents or the re-sellers of the product whether or not they supervise or assist in the use of such goods.

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ROSATE[®] 360 TF

HERBICIDE

GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

PROTECT FROM FROST.

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY.

A foliar-applied, translocated herbicide containing **360 g/l glyphosate** (30.9 % w/w) as a soluble concentrate for the control of annual and perennial weeds in a range of agricultural, horticultural, forestry, industrial and amenity situations.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL / HORTICULTURAL / INDUSTRIAL NON-SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

Crops/Situations	Maximum Individual Dose	Maximum Total Dose	Maximum Number of Applications	Latest Time of Application
Post-planting & pre-crop emergence: Barley, bulb onion, combining pea, durum wheat, field bean, leek, linseed, mustard, oats, oilseed rape, sugar beet, swede, turnip, vining pea, wheat	1.33 L/ha	1.33 L/ha/crop	-	Pre-emergence of crop
* Pre-harvest - Wheat, barley, oats	4.0 L/ha	4.0 L/ha	1	7 days before harvest
* Pre-harvest - Oilseed rape, linseed	4.0 L/ha	4.0 L/ha	1	14 days before harvest
* Pre-harvest Peas (combining)	4.0 L/ha	4.0 L/ha	1	7 days before harvest
Stubbles (including destruction of cover crops)	4.0 L/ha	4.0 L/ha/year	-	2-5 days pre-cultivation/drilling/planting
Green cover on land not being used for production (set-aside/fallow)	4.0 L/ha	4.0 L/ha/year	-	2-5 days pre-cultivation/drilling/planting
Grassland destruction	4.0 L/ha	4.0 L/ha	1 per year	5 days before cutting/grazing
Apples, pears	5.0 L/ha	5.0 L/ha/year	-	Post-harvest before green cluster stage
Cherries, plums	5.0 L/ha	5.0 L/ha/year	-	After leaf fall/before white-bud stage
Asparagus	5.0 L/ha	5.0 L/ha	-	Pre-emergence
Non-cropped areas (hard and permeable surfaces)	5.0 L/ha	5.0 L/ha/year	-	-
Forestry (Pre and post planting)	4.0 L/ha	4.0 L/ha	-	-

Other Specific Restrictions

* May only be applied when crop is > BBCH 87 and grain/seed moisture < 30 %

**READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE.
FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.**

Approval Holder and Marketing Company

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Emergency Information:

CARECHEM: +44 1235 239 670 (24 hour)
Technical Enquiries: 1800 901 562

Batch number and date of manufacture: see pack

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Content: **20 litres**